

ASTROPHYSICAL COLLISIONLESS SHOCKS IN THE LABORATORY

H. -S. Park¹, N. L. Kugland¹, J. S. Ross¹, B. A. Remington¹,
C. Plechaty¹, D. D. Ryutov¹, A. Spitkovsky², G. Gregori³, A.
Bell³, J. Meinecke³, C. Murphy³, Y. Sakawa⁴, Y. Kuramitsu⁴,
H. Takabe⁴, D. H. Froula⁵, G. Fiksel⁵, F. Miniati⁶, M. Koenig⁷,
A. Ravasio⁷, E. Liang⁸, N. Woolsey⁹, R. P. Drake¹⁰, C.
Kuranz¹⁰, M. Grosskopf¹⁰, and R. Presura¹¹

¹Lawrence Livermore National Lab, 7000 East Ave, Livermore
CA

²Department of Astrophysical Sciences, Princeton University,
Princeton, NJ

³University of Oxford, Oxford, UK

⁴Osaka University, Osaka, Japan

⁵Laboratory for Laser Energetics, Rochester, NY

⁶ETH Science and Technology University, Zurich, Switzerland

⁷Ecole Polytechnique, Paris, France

⁸Rice University, Houston, TX

⁹University of York, Heslington, York, UK

¹⁰University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI

¹¹University of Nevada, Reno, NV

March 22, 2012

Abstract

Most shock waves in astrophysics are collisionless since they form due to plasma instabilities and self-generated magnetic fields. Laboratory experiments at large laser facilities can achieve the conditions necessary for the formation of collisionless shocks, and will provide a unique avenue for studying the nonlinear physics of shock waves. We are performing a series of experiments at the Omega and Omega-EP lasers in Rochester, NY, where collisionless shock conditions will be generated by the two high-speed plasma flows resulting from laser ablation of solid targets using 10kJ to 20 kJ of laser energy. The experiments will aim to answer several questions of relevance to collisionless shock physics: the importance of the electromagnetic filamentation (Weibel) instability in shock formation, the self-generation of magnetic fields in shock collisions, the influence of external magnetic fields on shock formation, and the signatures of particle acceleration in shocks. This paper will present simulations of our experimental conditions; scaling calculations; experimental configurations; and expected results. Our plan for experiments on the National Ignition Facility in Livermore, CA, using up to 1.8 MJ of laser energy will also be presented.

This work was performed under the auspices of the Lawrence Livermore National Security, LLC, (LLNS) under Contract No. DE-AC52-07NA27344; Partial support from the European Research Council is acknowledged.